

EXAM-DAY · 90-MIN REVISION CARD

Rights in the Indian Constitution

Print this · Fold it · Carry to the exam-hall gate · Revise once · Then walk in.

FORMULAS & KEY RESULTS

SIX Fundamental Rights (Part III): Equality (14-18) · Freedom (19-22) · Against Exploitation (23-24) · Freedom of Religion (25-28) · Cultural & Educational (29-30) · Constitutional Remedies (32).

Right to Equality: Art 14 equality before law · 15 no discrimination · 16 equal opportunity in jobs · 17 abolition of untouchability · 18 abolition of titles.

Right to Freedom: Art 19 six freedoms (speech, assembly, association, movement, residence, profession) · 20 protection re conviction · 21 life & personal liberty · 22 protection against arrest/detention.

Against Exploitation: Art 23 bans human trafficking & forced labour (begar) · Art 24 bans child labour below 14 in hazardous work.

Freedom of Religion: Art 25 freedom of conscience & practice · 26 manage religious affairs · 27 no tax for a religion · 28 no compulsory religious instruction in state schools.

Cultural & Educational: Art 29 protects minorities' language/script/culture · Art 30 minorities' right to establish & run educational institutions.

Constitutional Remedies (Art 32) = 'heart and soul' (Ambedkar). FIVE writs: Habeas Corpus · Mandamus · Prohibition · Quo Warranto · Certiorari. (High Courts: Art 226.)

FR vs DPSP: FR (Part III) JUSTICIABLE, limit the state, political democracy · DPSP (Part IV) NON-JUSTICIABLE,

TOP 5 PYQ PATTERNS

1 Explain a Fundamental Right (Equality / Freedom / Religion) with its articles

4 marks · 85% of years

Name the right + article range, explain 2-3 provisions, add the 'not absolute / reasonable restrictions' line.

2 Right to Constitutional Remedies + the five writs

6 marks · 70% of years

Art 32 = heart & soul (Ambedkar) + define all five writs in one line each + conclude judiciary is the guardian of rights.

3 Distinguish Fundamental Rights from Directive Principles

4 marks · 65% of years

Justiciable vs non-justiciable + negative limit vs positive directive + political vs social/economic democracy + complementary.

4 VSA: article numbers, writs, amendments

1 mark · 90% of years

Art 32 remedies; habeas corpus = produce the body; Fundamental Duties = 42nd Amendment; Property removed = 44th Amendment.

5 Passage on a right or writ — identify and explain

4 marks · 45% of years

Name the right/writ, quote the article, state scope in one line, add an Indian illustration.

90-MIN REVISION FLOW

0-15 min

Write the six Fundamental Rights with their article ranges from memory. Self-check against the six-rights ladder. Fix any wrong article number immediately.

15-30 min

Recite and write the five writs with a one-line meaning each (habeas corpus, mandamus, prohibition, quo warranto, certiorari). Memorise that Art 32 is the 'heart and soul'.

30-45 min

Build the FR-versus-DPSP comparison table from memory: justiciability, nature, aim, relationship. Practise it in four lines.

45-60 min

Write a 4-point answer on the Right to Equality (Arts 14-18) and a 4-point answer on the Right to Freedom (Arts 19-22), each ending with the reasonable-restrictions line.

60-75 min

Take the 15-MCQ Quick Drill under a 20-minute timer. Target >= 12/15.

75-90 min

Review every wrong answer and re-read the matching notes-slide. Lock the two amendment facts students always swap: Fundamental Duties = 42nd (1976); Property removed = 44th (1978). Done.

directives to the state, social & economic democracy.

Fundamental Duties: Part IV-A, Art 51A, added by 42nd Amendment (1976), non-justiciable. Right to Property removed from FR by 44th Amendment (1978) → now Art 300A.

Confidence, not anxiety. You've practised this all year. Trust your steps. Don't change strategy on exam morning.
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